

Urban Land Subsidence and Differential Settlement Hazards to Infrastructure across Major U.S. Cities

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Collaborators:

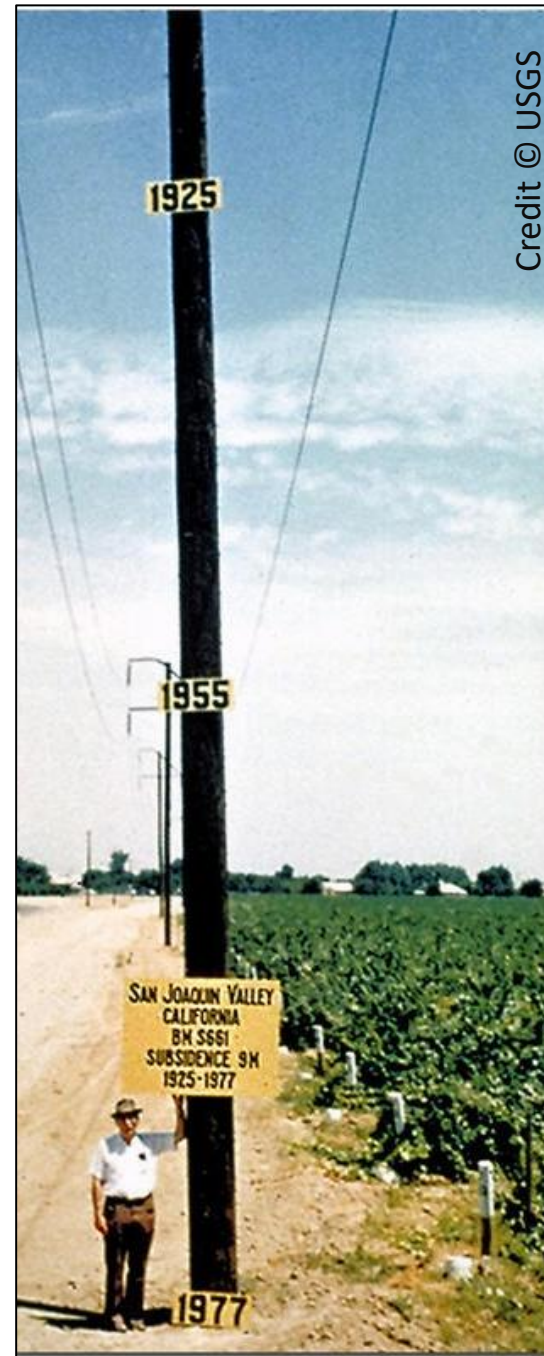
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read the full paper published in *Nature
Cities, 2025.*

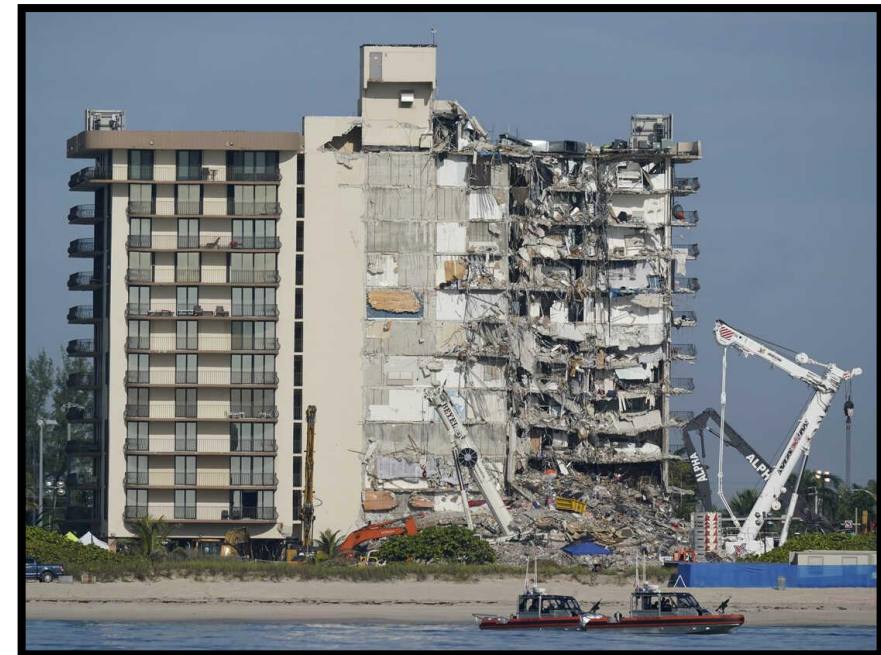


Background

- Land Subsidence is recognized in the U.S., but often treated as a broad, uniform hazard.
- Global megacities around the world experience locally intense and spatially heterogeneous land subsidence.
- Such spatially heterogeneous subsidence can slowly comprise the integrity of infrastructures.



- **Differential subsidence is a major hazard to infrastructure – incremental settlement can compound other stressors.**



Credit © AP



ENVIRONMENT

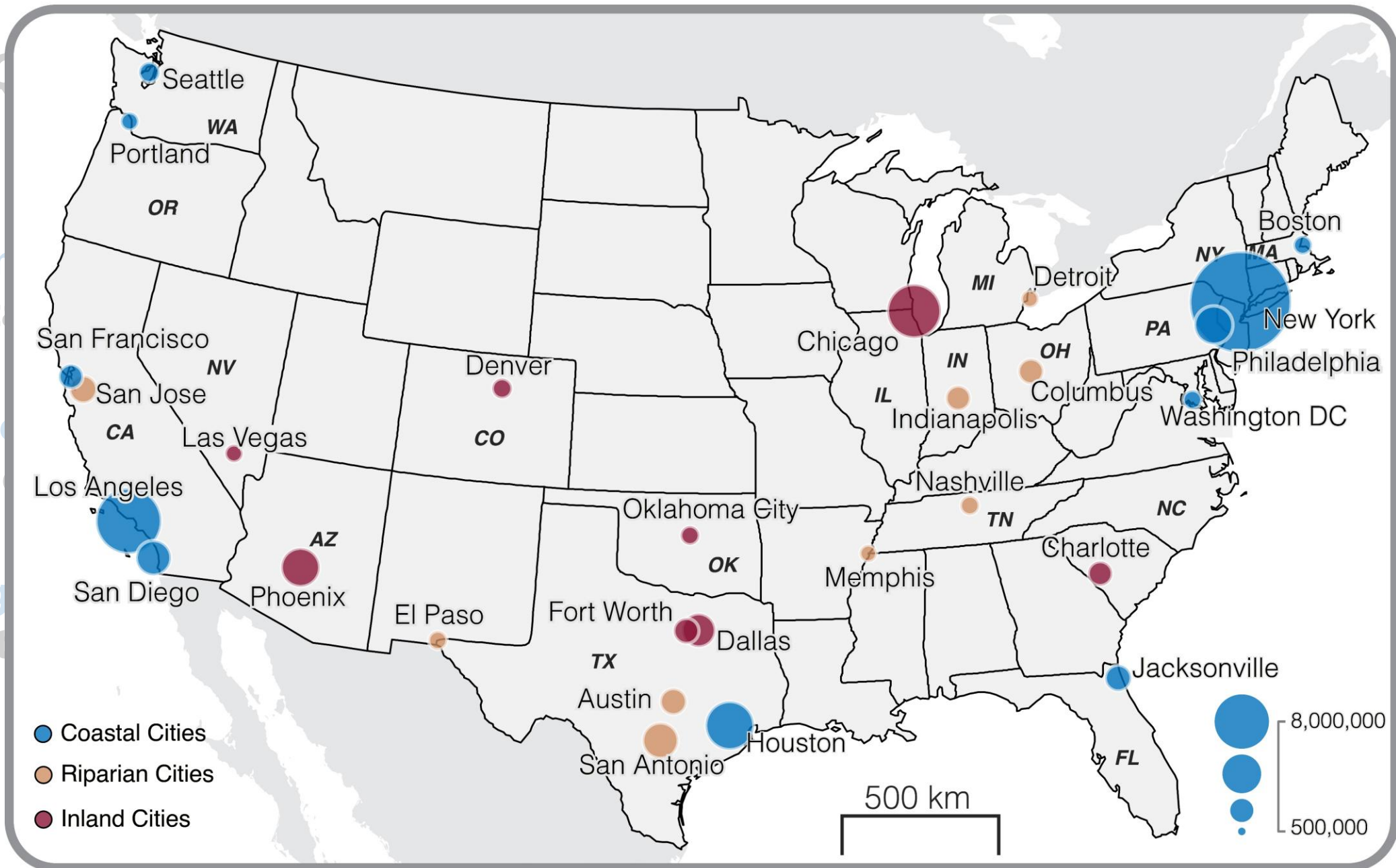
Surfside Condo Was Sinking for Years, and So Are Other Miami Structures, Says FIU Prof

The Champlain Towers condo building had been sinking at a steady rate for years, according to research from Florida International University.

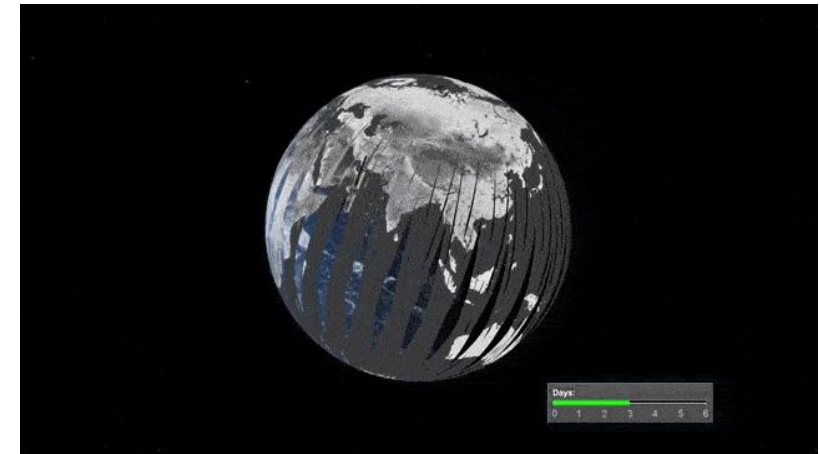
By **Joshua Ceballos** | June 24, 2021

Objectives & Study Area

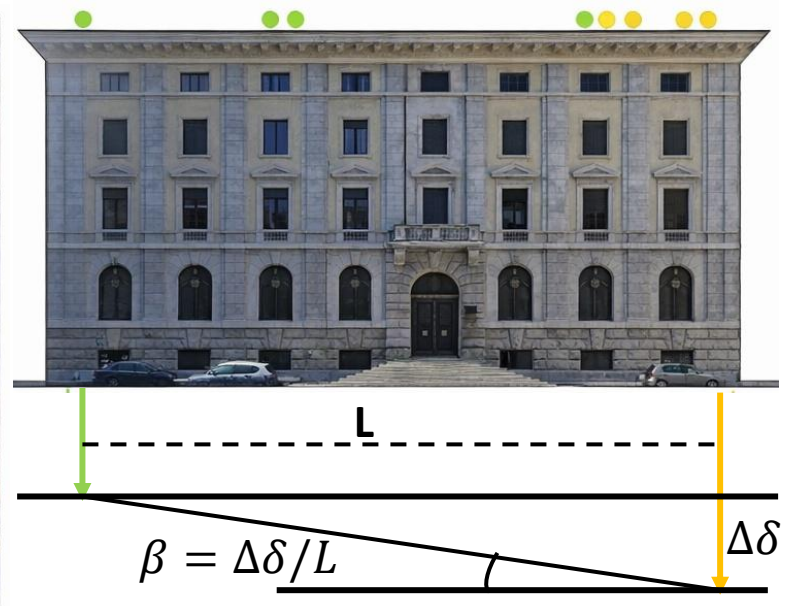
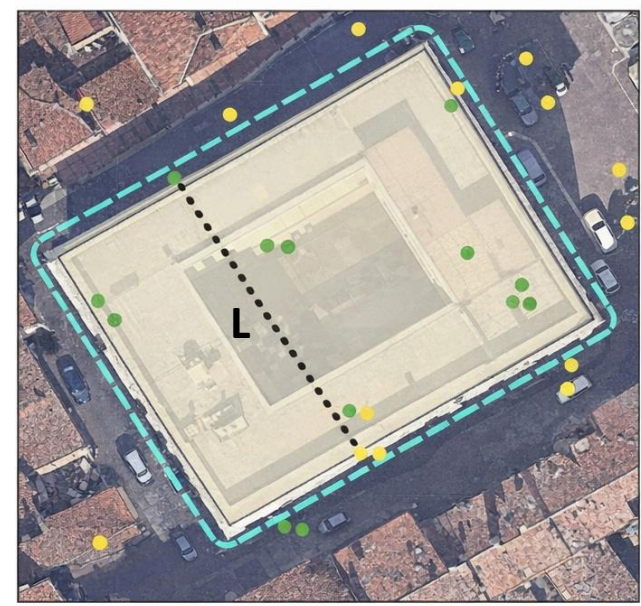
- Primary data
- Metropolitan areas
- English settlements



- We utilize interferometric Synthetic Aperture Radar (InSAR) to measure heterogeneous VLM at 28 m spatial resolution.
- We use a risk matrix that combines angular distortion (β) and the building density in a city.

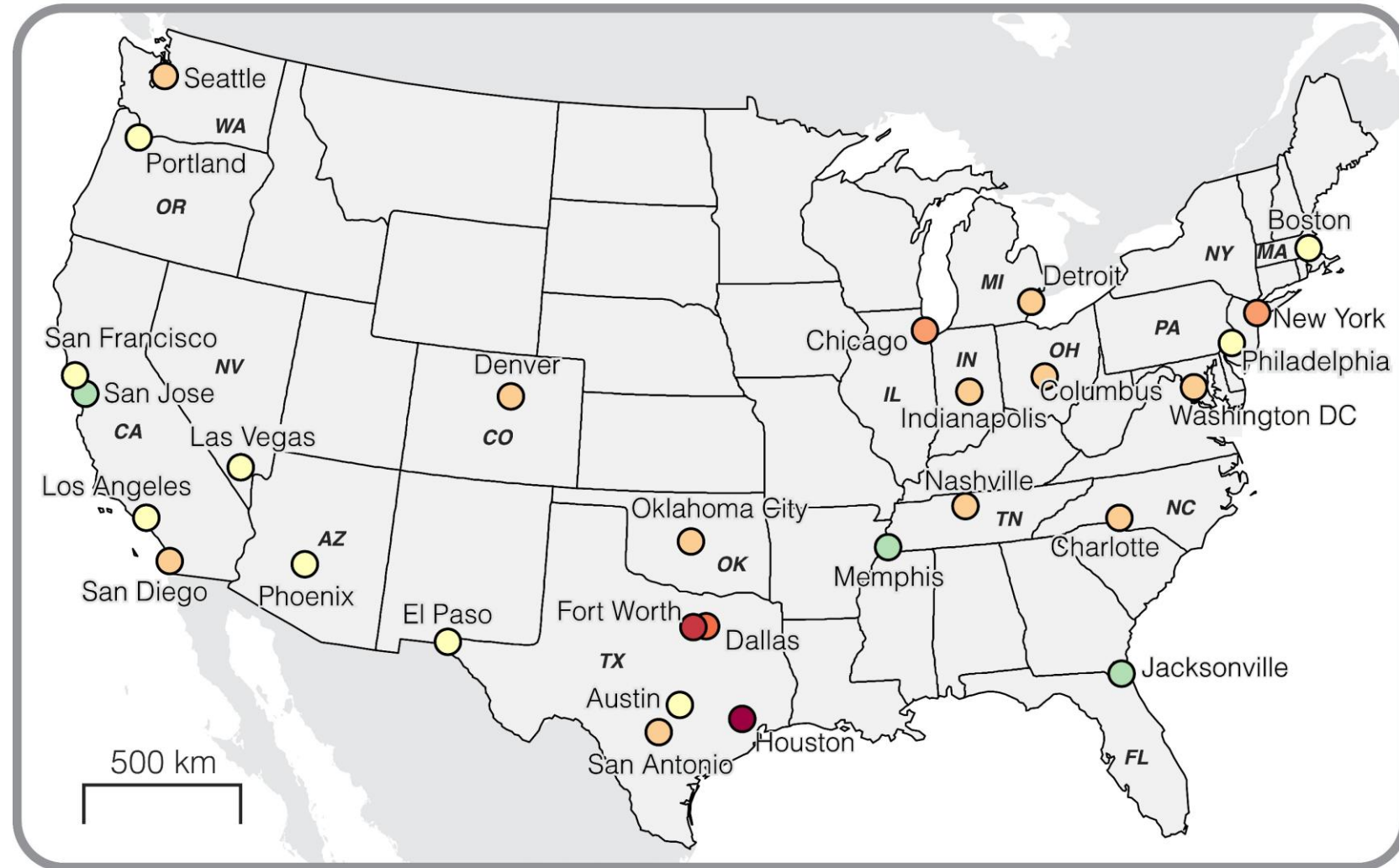


		Angular Distortion, β			
		0	0.02°	0.04°	0.12°
		Low	Medium	High	Very High
Building Density (houses/km ²)	0	VL	L	M	H
	518	L	M	H	VH
	3,300	M	H	VH	VH



Source: Nappo et al. (2021)

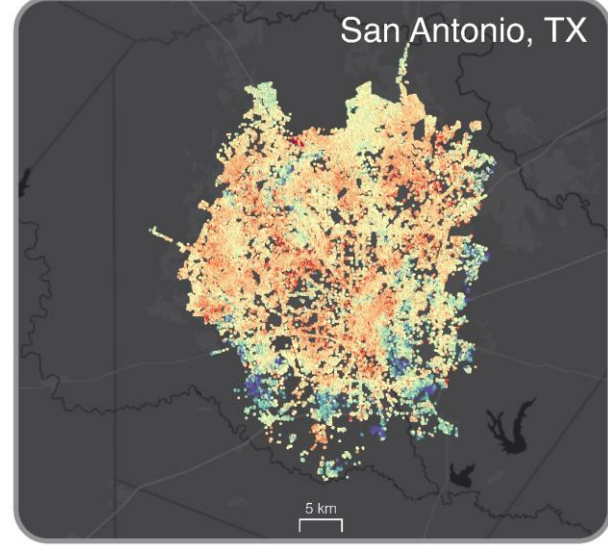
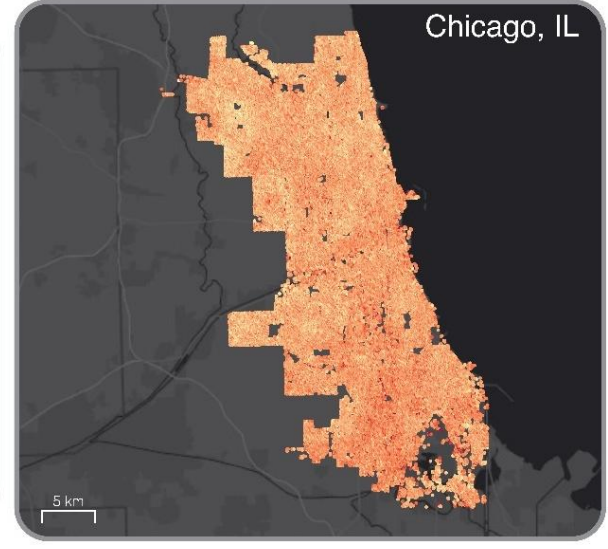
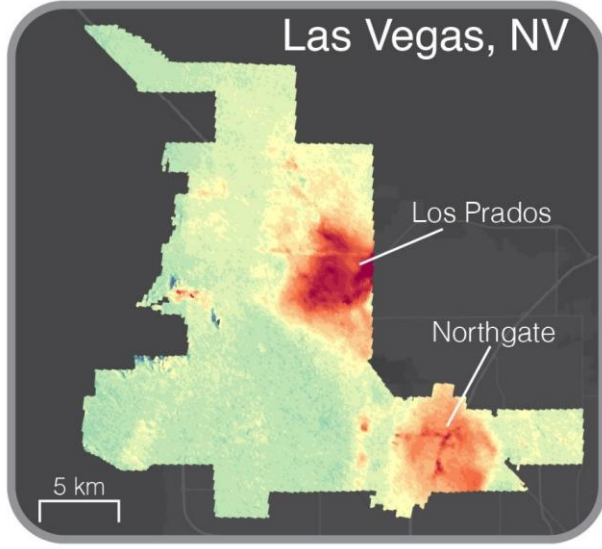
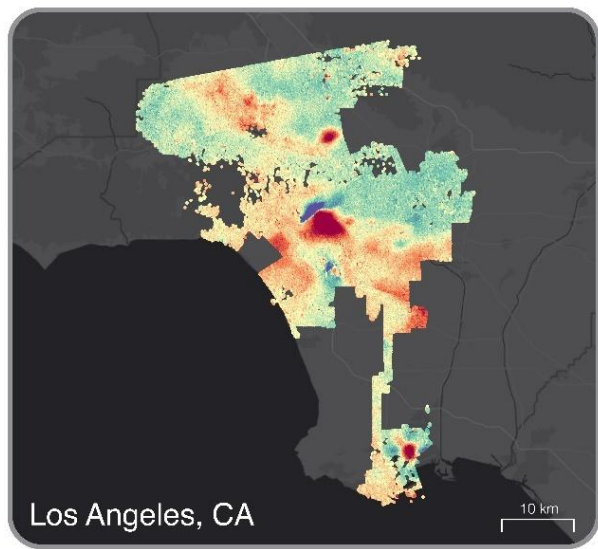
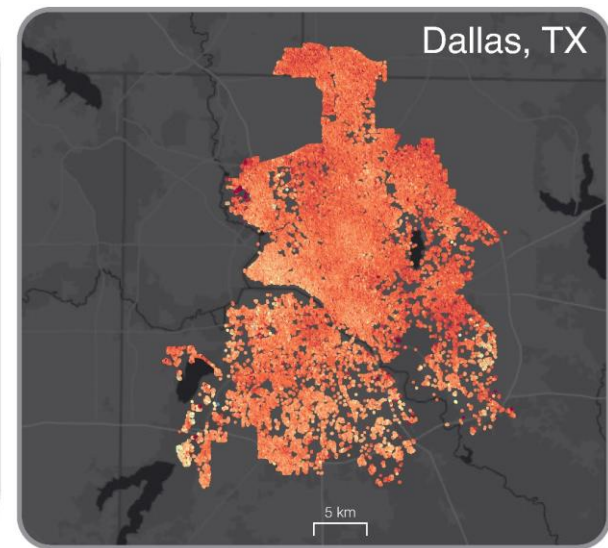
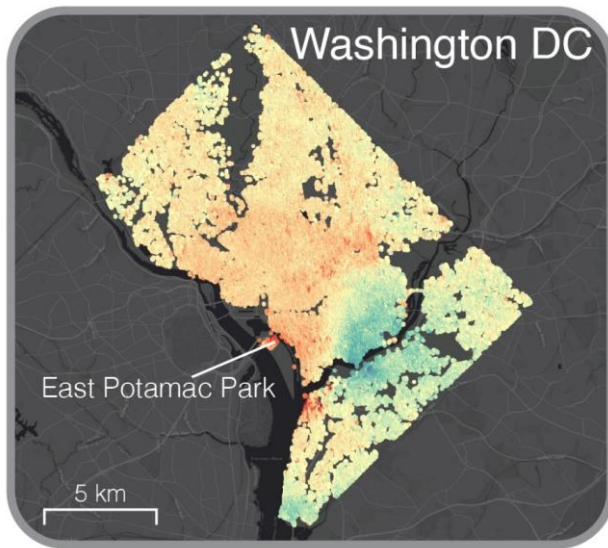
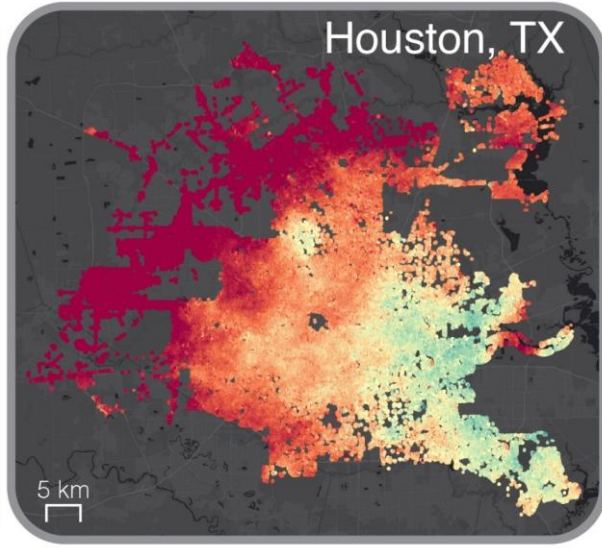
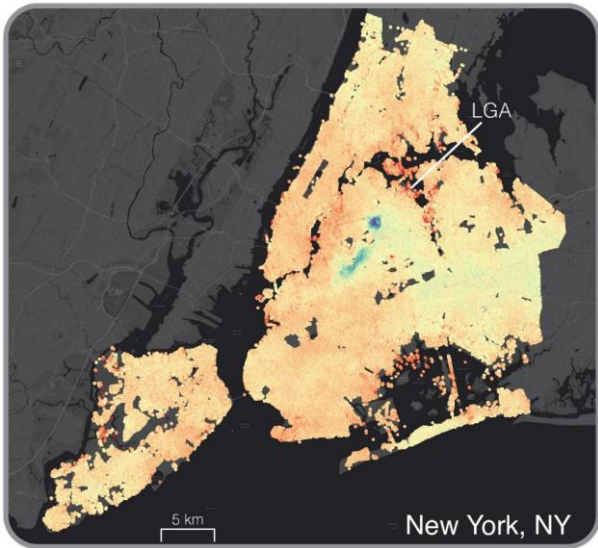
- **25 out of 28 cities are sinking.**
- **9 out of 25 sinking cities are sinking at rates greater than 2 mm per year.**
- **Houston, Dallas, and Fort Worth exhibit average rate exceeding 4 mm per year.**



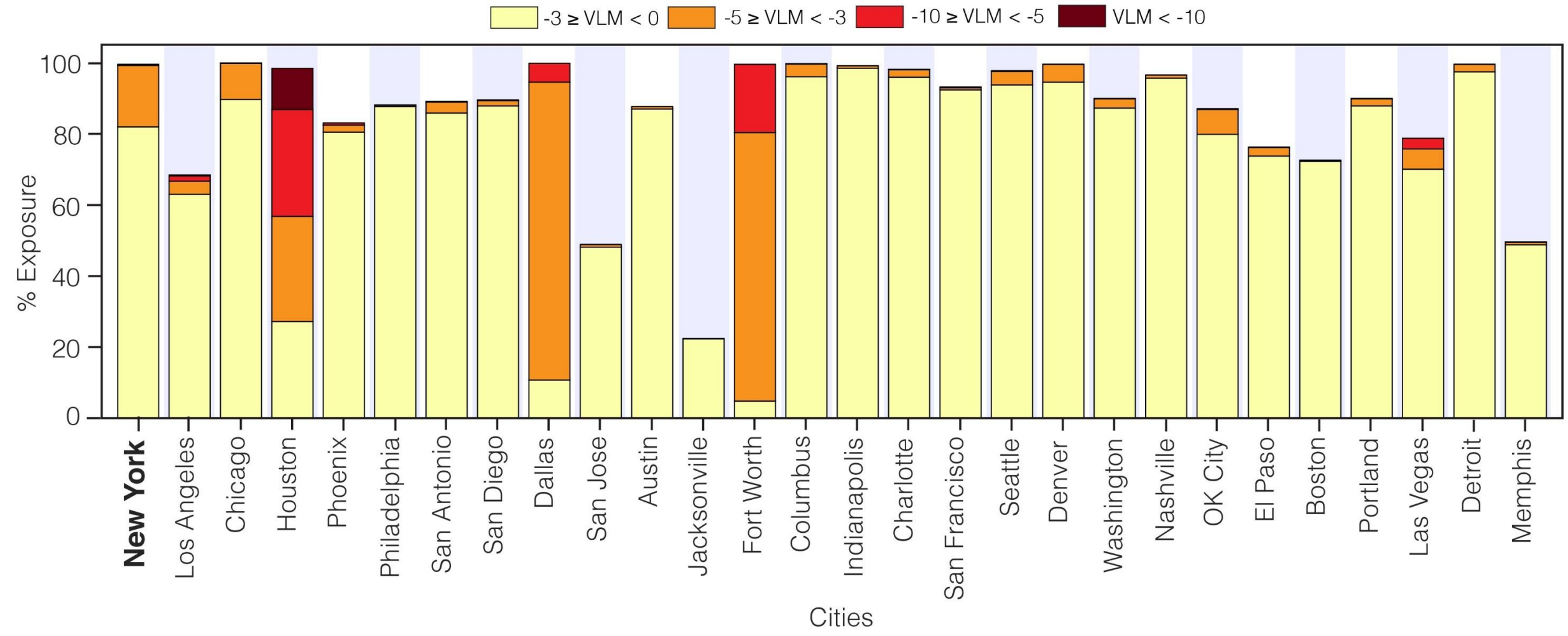
Vertical Land Motion (mm per year)



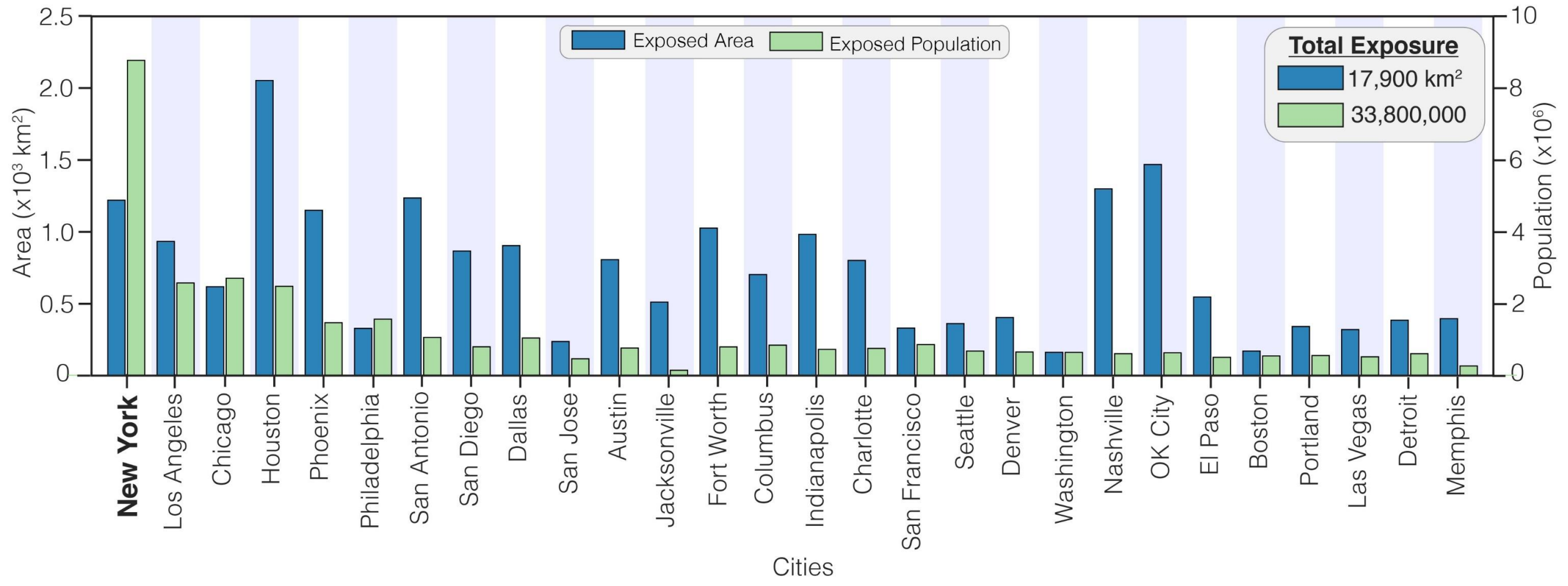
Results



- In every city, at least 20% of the area is sinking and in 25 out of the 28 cities, at least 65% is sinking.**

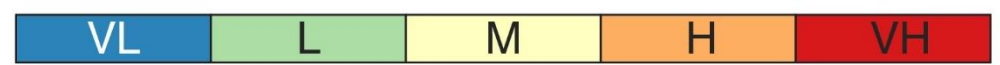
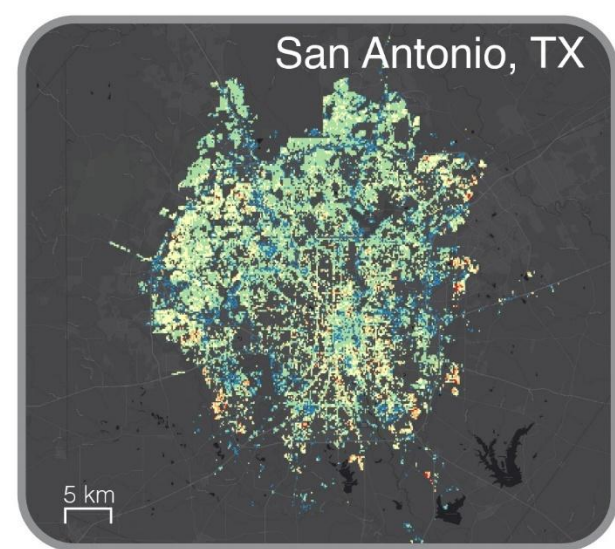
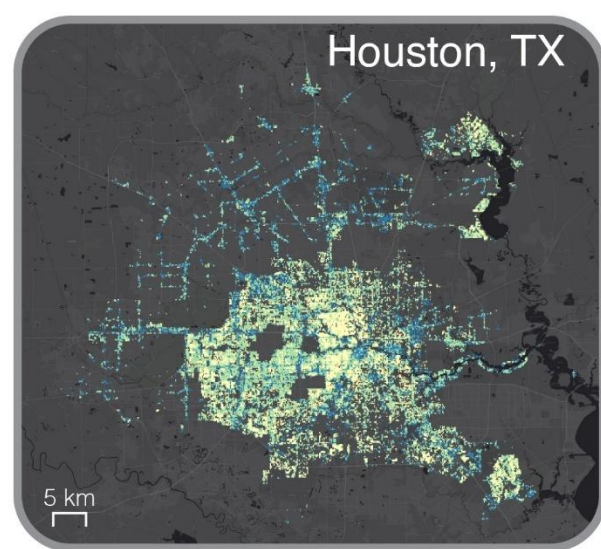
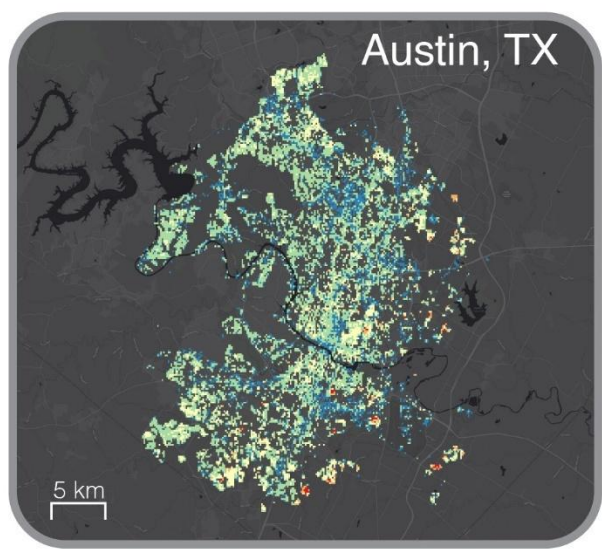
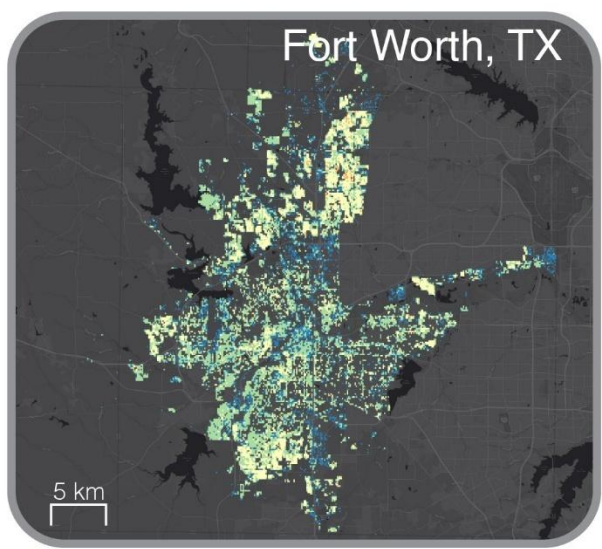
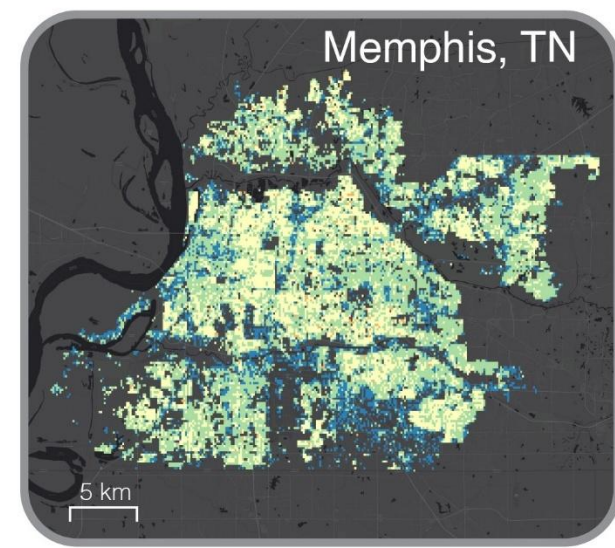
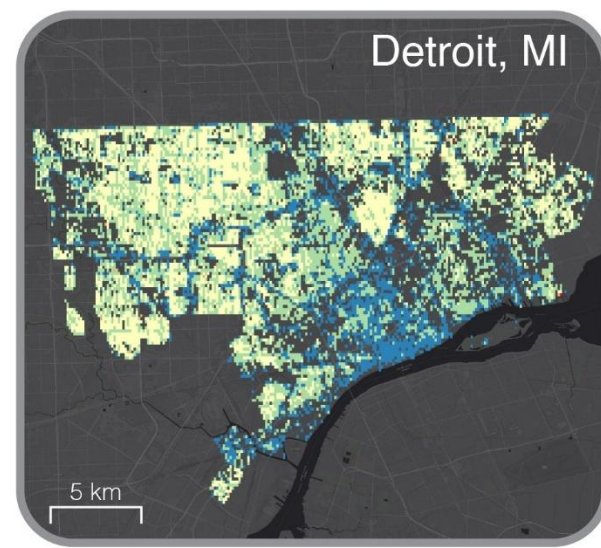
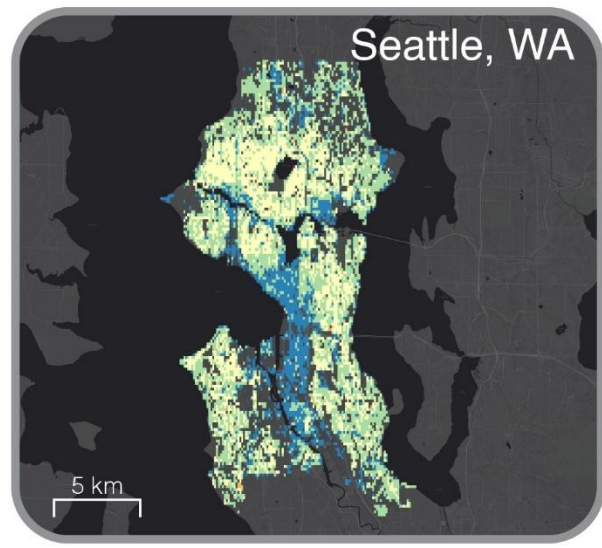
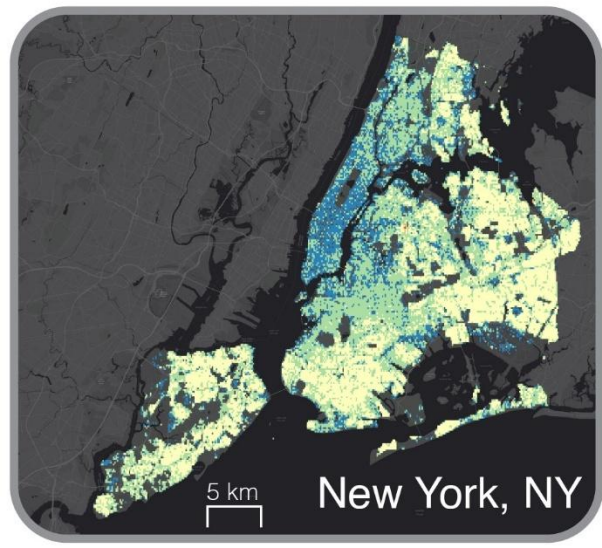


- We estimate that a total land area of 17,900 km² is sinking.
- 34 million people (1 in 10 US population) live on sinking land in 28 US cities.



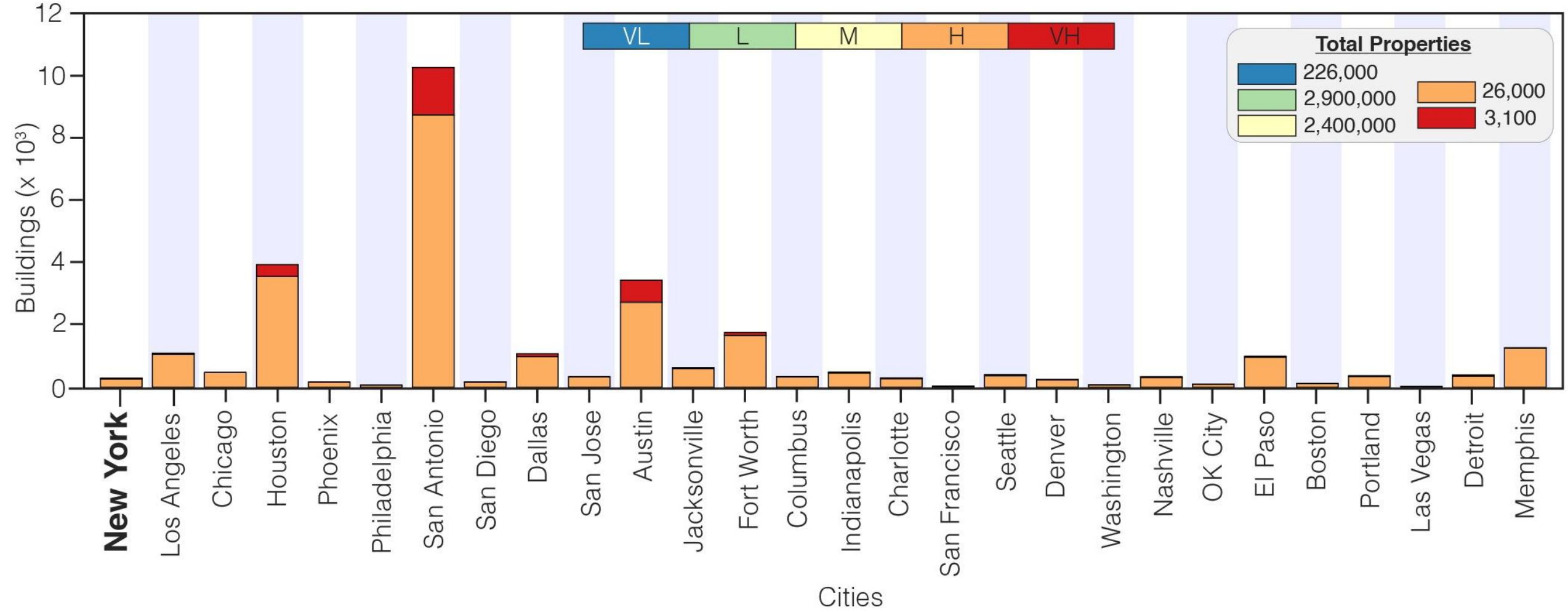
Results

- **95% of the buildings in all cities are at low-medium risks.**

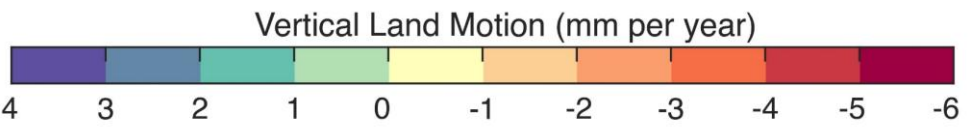
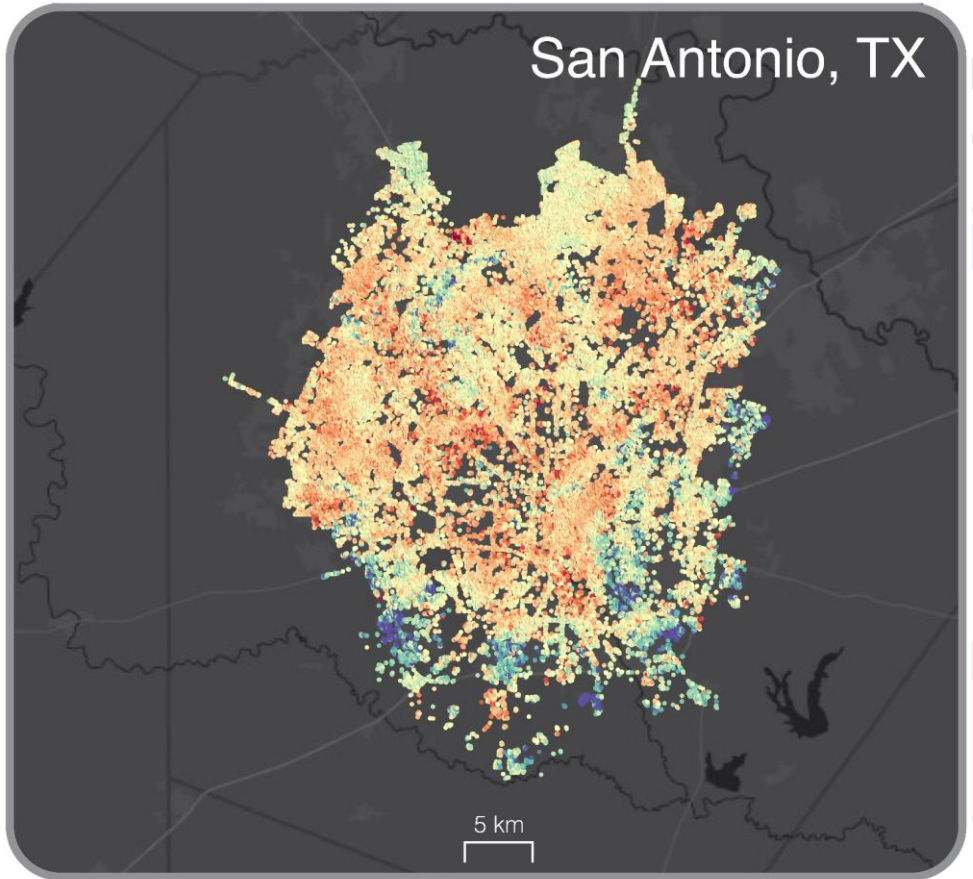


Results

- **29,000 buildings are at high risk of infrastructure damage in the US.**
- **San Antonio has the highest number of at-risk buildings with more than 10,000 buildings at high risk and 1,500 at very high risk.**



■ 29 000 buildings are at high risk of infrastructure damage in the US.



Experts weigh in on home foundation issues in Central Texas



By Angela Shen | Published December 30, 2025 10:44pm CST | 7 On Your Side | FOX 7 Austin |



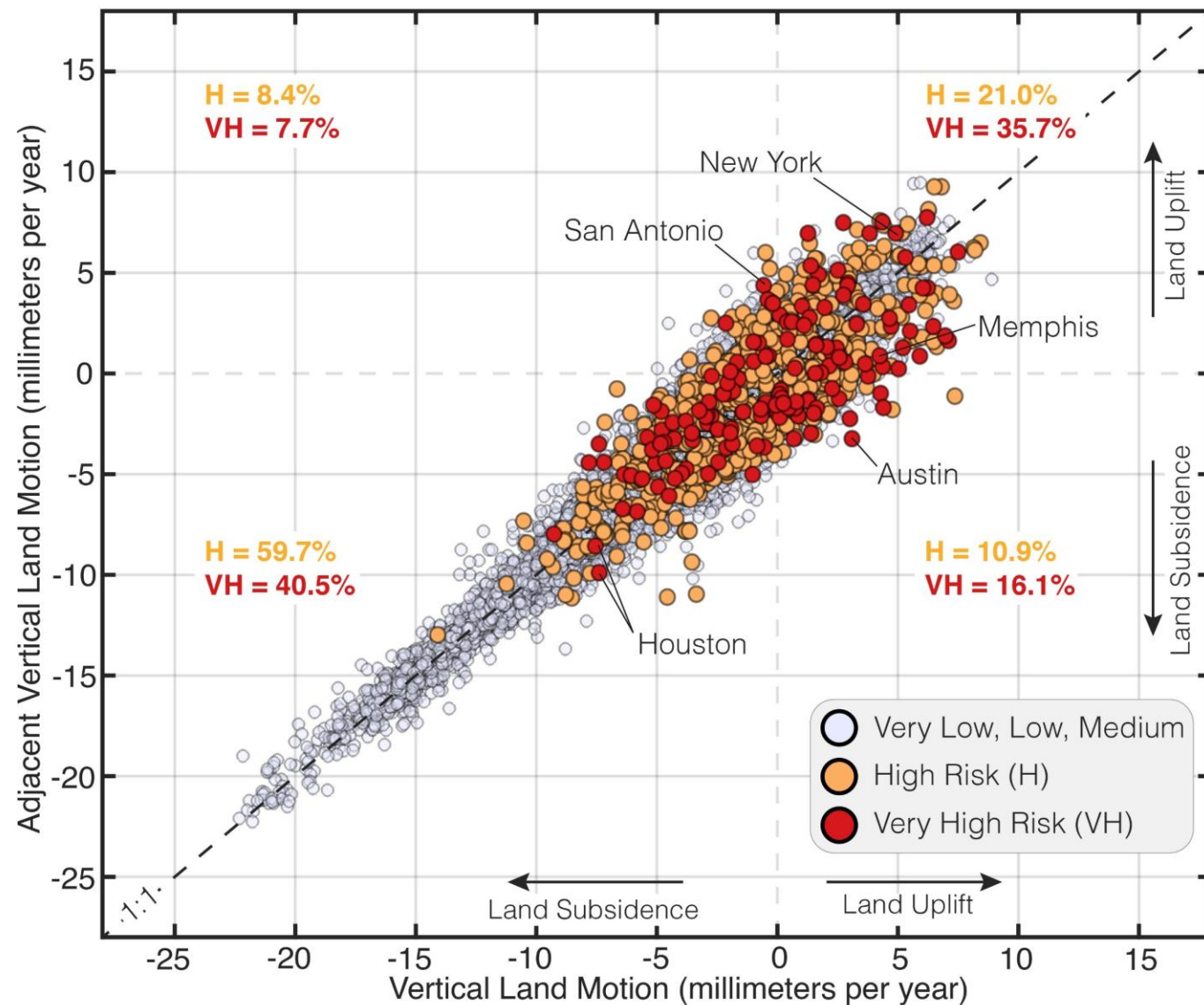
FOX 7
SPIRIT OF SHARING
SCAN TO DONATE

9:20 37°

7 ON YOUR SIDE INVESTIGATES
BUDA RESIDENTS WORRY ABOUT HOME FOUNDATIONS DUE TO CLAY SOIL

ivemprts

Results



- **Both uplift and subsidence produce infrastructure risk.**
- **Uniform deformation → low structural stress: minimal differential settlement and low angular distortion.**
- **High (H) and Very High (VH) risks areas cluster in steep gradients.**

From millimeter-scale deformation to infrastructure resilience strategy

- Land subsidence is a critical but overlooked driver of infrastructure risk in U.S. metropolises.
- Spatial heterogeneity governs infrastructure risk—differential settlement and not average subsidence controls infrastructure risks.
- Integrate deformation monitoring into building codes and asset management.

